## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

## MATH2000 Hyperbolic Functions

- (1) Find  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$ . Hint: you may need more than one substitution.
- (2) Show that  $\operatorname{arcosh}(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 1})$ . Note that the domain of  $\operatorname{arcosh}(x)$  is  $[1, \infty)$  and the range is  $[0, \infty)$ .
- (3) Find  $\int \operatorname{arsinh}(x) dx$ . Hint: use integration by parts.
- (4) Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2, \quad \left|\frac{dy}{dx}\right| < 1.$$

(5) Consider the ODE

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + 4 = 0.$$

Find the general solution satisfying the condition  $\left|\frac{dy}{dx}\right| > 2$  for all  $x \neq 0$ .

- (6) (a) Show  $e^{ix} = \cos x + i \sin x$  using Taylor series.
  - (b) Show that

 $\sinh 2x = 2 \sinh x \cosh x$ 

(c) Use the results of parts (a) and (b) to show that

$$\sin 2x = 2\sin x \cos x.$$